

O. M. JAMES.

The card of Mr. Ollie M. James, stating that he is not a candidate for congress, will be a surprise to his many friends throughout the district, and a keen disappointment to many, while he had made no public formal announcement of his candidacy, it had been generally understood that he would make the race. For the past two years he has been the most commanding personage in First district politics, and he rose to that enviable position through or by the prestige of no commanding official position. He was in all truth an original free silver man, and when that great question became the issue of issues, he rapidly went to the front as the leader of the regenerated Democracy of the district. His ability and charm as a speaker, his force as a debater, his strong personality and other superb qualities as a leader enabled him to maintain easily his position against any of the later contestants for the first laurels as a champion of the great cause. In recognition of this fact he was made chairman of the Kentucky delegation—a delegation of giants—at the great Chicago convention, and earned in that capacity with such marked distinction that his reputation was extended beyond the borders of his own state. He was then solicited to be a candidate for congress, but he was young and had not espoused the cause for personal aggrandizement. Through his address as a leader, and power as a speaker the success of the nominee for congress two years ago was largely achieved. In as much as Mr. Wheeler stated that he had no desire for a congressional career, Mr. James' friends looked forward to 98. Contrary to expectation Mr. Wheeler has developed some desires that had not matured just after Ben Keys' death so closely upon his heels two years ago, and his plea for endorsement gives him strength he otherwise would not have, and a fight between him and James would have been a warm one, with chances about equal. Out of these campaigns frequently grow discords that tell to the disadvantage of the party in the final election, and as the approaching election promises to find our opponents united, Mr. James prefers to sacrifice his own ambition rather than jeopardize the success of the party, and with that loyalty to party that has always characterized his course, he declines to enter the contest, feeling, as he expresses it, that "the cause is greater than any man." This course of his will, we believe, be correctly weighed and appreciated by the loyal Democrats of the district.

The copyrighted fiction under the head of war news in the big newspapers would do honor to Rider Haggard.

The Madisonville Hustler issued a sixteen page, illustrated edition last week. It was a credit to the town, county and the publishers. The business people of Madisonville are awake.

Decoration Day.

The decoration day programme as published in the Press was observed by Crittenden Post G. A. R. and the citizens in general Sunday. The graves of the dead soldiers were covered with beautiful flowers, and patriotic speeches made, and melodies sung. They were touching ceremonies, and the living comrades of those who are tenting on famous eternal camping grounds entered into them with a zest that shows how tenderly they nourish memories of the dead.

Mrs. Travis Dead.

The wife of Mr. Joe Travis, of Piney, died Saturday night, and many friends attended the funeral which took place Sunday afternoon. Mrs. Travis was an excellent Christian lady, and had a host of friends who sincerely mourn her death.

Roy Gilbert is agent for the Princeton Steam Laundry. He will take pleasure in calling at your residence for your work. All work guaranteed.

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.



ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Manufactured by ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

SANTIAGO IS BOMBARDED.

The Guns Silenced And A Cruiser Of The Enemy Sunk.

The Situation Begins To Grow Interesting Again.

WASHINGTON, June 1.—Special the Press.—Official reports from Cape Haytien say Schley's fleet attacked fortifications at Santiago yesterday afternoon, firing 100 shots. Four small ships led the iron clads in the bombardment. Three of the forts including Morro Castle were silenced. The Spanish iron clads in the bay opened heavy fire on Schley's cruisers, injuring one converted ship, but killing no men. Schley, having silenced the forts, retired.

RICHEST PRIZE OF THE WAR.

KEY WEST, June 1.—It is reported that 'captain Sigbee, of the St. Paul captured the Spanish cruiser Alfonso XIII off Cuban coast Monday night, after an hours fight. One of our boats supported the St. Paul. This is the best prize of the war.

TEXAS SINKS A CRUISER.

NEW YORK, June 1.—(Special to THE PRESS.)—A London bulletin says the Texas went into Santiago bay and sank a Spanish cruiser during the engagement.

ORDERED TO SEIZE HAWAII.

WASHINGTON, June 1.—It is stated on good authority that the Charleston has orders to seize Hawaii as a coaling station on her arrival there.

BANK OF SPAIN TOTTERING.

NEW YORK, June 1.—(Special to THE PRESS.)—A cablegram from Madrid says the bank of Spain is tottering and Spain may have to stop the war for lack of funds.

MAY BE ANOTHER CALL.

WASHINGTON, May 30.—It is probable that a third call for volunteers will shortly be made. The contemplated occupancy of Porto Rico, Cuba, and the Philippines make more men necessary. The department's figures are 125,000 troops for Cuba; 30,000 for Porto Rico; 60,000 for Philippines and 100,000 for home defense and emergencies.

COLORED VOLUNTEERS CUT OFF.

FRANKFORT, May 30.—Gov. Bradley this afternoon received orders from Secretary Alger to recruit three Kentucky regiments raising the companies from 84 to 106 men each to the company.

This allows only one additional regiment from the State, and cuts off the colored regiment.

A PROTRACTED CAMPAIGN EXPECTED.

TAMPA, May 31.—That the war department expects a protracted campaign is evident by the immense amount of commissary supplies that have been received here. Rations for an army of 70,000 men for three months are now stored in the government warehouse or await unloading while hundreds of car loads more are expected.

Invasion to Begin Today.

WASHINGTON, May 31.—Orders have been issued for the army to move. Gen. Miles is at Tampa inspecting the troops, and the forward movement will be begun not later than Thursday. Porto Rico and Santiago will be the first objective points, and then will follow the invasion of Cuba by our helmeting forces. Gen. Shafter will conduct the first invading force.

Supplies Landed in Cuba.

KEY WEST, May 31.—The steamer Florida returned here this morning having successfully landed an expedition on the island, 25 miles east of Havana. The expedition consisted of 432 men, with a pack train and large quantities of ammunition. The expedition is under an insurgent leader. About 300 of the men are Cubans and the rest Americans. The Cubans were in waiting for the party, and welcomed it with a brass band.

No Cadiz Fleet to Talk of.

WASHINGTON, May 31.—The much talked of Cadiz fleet causes no apprehension here. This much vaunted fleet is practically a myth. The naval officers, through private means, have satisfied themselves that it exists only on paper. Its offensive power is illusory.

Try Their Torpedo Boats.

PORT ANTONIO, May 31.—The Spaniards sent two of their torpedo boats out from Santiago to attack the American ships Monday night. The search lights from the Texas discovered them, and she turned her rapid fire guns upon the prowlers and they ran in.

SANTIAGO AS A BASE.

WASHINGTON, May 31.—While there continues to be entire official reticence as to the exact points of invasion, the consensus of opinion, drawn from the most intelligent sources, is that the base will be of Cuba, constituting the province of Santiago, with Santiago de Cuba as the capital, and Pinar del Rio will be among the objective points. It is obviously situated as a base of operation. The terminus of a railroad and in the midst of the region controlled by the insurgents.

SAMPSON GOES TO SANTIAGO.

WASHINGTON, May 31.—Sampson has sailed for Santiago. He sailed from Key West at daybreak yesterday and will be with Schley tomorrow. By the time they have levelled the fortifications the 15,000 troops which have been embarked will be off Santiago. After the accomplishment of the Santiago task Sampson will sail to Porto Rico to pave the way for the invasion there.

Offers Bryan a Regiment.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., May 31.—Gov. Stephens in a telegram today offered the command of a Missouri regiment to Hon. W. J. Bryan.

PORTO RICO WILL BE INVADED.

WASHINGTON, May 30.—It is still the purpose to take possession of Porto Rico before the general invasion of Cuba and the attack upon Havana. It is believed that orders to this effect have already been issued, though that cannot be learned positively.

Conditions in Cuba.

Tampa, Fla., May 29.—A graphic description of the situation in Cuba by Don Santiago Barroeta, who left Cienfuegos on May 20 on board of a British steamer bound for Kingston, has been received here. Senor Barroeta, who is a Spaniard by birth, published last fall at New York during Gen. Weyler's command in Cuba, a sensational pamphlet exposing the crimes of the captain general. Before Weyler went to Cuba Barroeta held an important position in the island and was a judge in the superior court of justice at Cienfuegos. His campaign against Weyler compelled him to leave the island, and since the publication of his pamphlet at New York he has been considered by the Spanish as a traitor.

When Gen. Blanco was appointed captain general and offered a fair pardon to all political offenders, Barroeta returned to Cuba, but as soon as he reached Havana he was arrested by the Spanish police and sent to Cienfuegos, where they loaded him with chains and threw him into a dungeon. Barroeta's wife, a Cuban of one of the best families in the island, sold valuable property of her own and all her jewels and paid the Spanish officials several thousand dollars for the liberty of her husband. But when Barroeta was released war between Spain and the United States had already been declared and the rapid Spaniards of Cienfuegos attempted to murder him. He had to conceal himself until he could escape from the island with his family. He says that the Spaniards in Cienfuegos, as in all the other important cities of the island, are in a state of anarchy, assassinating the Cubans, whom they believe in sympathy with the United States, and committing all kinds of crimes against the Cuban families. The military authorities, far from suppressing these barbarous demonstrations, encourage them under the pretext that Spanish patriotism cannot be checked in these moments.

Near Cienfuegos a Cuban named Arredondo, suspected of being a naturalized American, was macheted by the volunteers. Senor Hidalgo, Barroeta's brother in law, narrowly escaped death. His house was surrounded by the mob shouting "Death to the Yankies." Hidalgo, a few moments before, was warned that the Spaniards were going to lynch him and also concealed himself. "With my family in Cienfuegos," says Senor Barroeta, "I was more afraid of the Spaniards than of a bombardment of the city by the American fleet.

The Spaniards, says Senor Barroeta, have provisions in Cienfuegos to last four months and according to reliable information received by him, the same situation exists at Havana, but it is well understood that the provisions are for the troops, the non-combatants having nothing at present to feed on. The concentration of the Spanish army in the filthy seaports has caused the spread of a yellow fever epidemic, which is making ravages in the Spanish ranks. "It is something awful to see," writes Senor Barroeta, "those ignorant sickly peasants brought from Spain to defend here the Spanish flag by hundreds every day. The epidemic is so acute that many die in two or three hours. The great hope of Gen. Blanco is that the Cubans, until now siding with Spain, especially the guerrillas, should remain faithful. But he is greatly mistaken. The guerrillas are joining in great numbers the insurgent forces and as soon as an American lands in Cuba they will all desert the Spanish, convinced as they are of the defeat of the Spanish and not desiring to evacuate the island with the Spanish troops."

Senor Barroeta says that the Spaniards have at Cienfuegos 15,000 troops including the volunteers and guerrillas. The only interior cities which they guard with heavy forces are Sancti Spiritus and Villa Clara, in each one of which they have a garrison of 8,000 men. Blanco takes great care in guarding from attacks by the insurgents the military railways and he has had trains prepared to put at a given moment 25,000 or 30,000 men on any point of the island. The insurgents cannot prevent it because since the blockade began they have not received a single pound of dynamite. It would be a good plan to provide dynamite to the Cubans for destroying, as they did before, the Spanish trains. Food is also necessary for the Cuban army west of the trocha.

Senor Barroeta, a few days before his departure, was informed that the army of Gen. Gomez was feeding on jutias, or Cuban coons, the only thing they had. Finally Senor Barroeta writes: "If the present situation lasts two months longer Cuba will be but a vast cemetery. People are flying from the island more for fear of hunger than for war. I left on a steamer which had only capacity for forty passengers and we were."

Schley's False Scent.

Key West, Fla., May 28.—After the demolition of small forts outside of Cienfuegos, which was accomplished by the cruiser Brooklyn Tuesday the flagship Brooklyn leading, Commodore Schley's Flying Squadron landed 60,000 rounds of ammunition and provisions which were received by Cuban insurgents. The expedition was under the direction of Schley. Then the cruiser moved on the earthworks sheltering a masked battery and opened fire. Inside of ten minutes the battery was destroyed. When the ship's fire ceased a band of insurgents 700 strong attacked the works and drove the Spanish out.

Wednesday Schley sent in a challenge to the Spaniards, offering to pit his smallest vessel against the entire Spanish fleet and threatening in case of refusal to bombard the city. He received no response, and after ascertaining the fleet was not there, he sailed to Santiago de Cuba, where he now has the Spanish fleet "bottled."

It is estimated that the landing cost the Spanish a loss of at least 200 men. The Spanish fire was wild and not a shell struck an American ship.

Pensioners

738,527 persons are drawing pensions from the Government as survivors of the War of the Rebellion, 6,504 more than the total number of actual survivors; and 187,500 more are asking for pensions. In 1873, the nation's bounty to pensioners of the War of the Rebellion was \$26,502,528.96. Last year, it was \$139,949,617.35.

Pension frauds may be largely accounted for by the existence of 60,000 pension agents. Fortunes have been made and are being made, by this army so-called attorneys. They are in some instances, mere drummers who do nothing but hunt up claims and claimants for the pension bureau. The Government practically pays them a bounty of \$25 for every pensioner that can be induced to file a claim which they can prove valid enough to secure a pension.

We Regret

The Necessity

of continually calling upon our delinquents to pay up, and we are going to quit it—just as soon as they all settle. We need the money, need it now and need it hard. The occasion demands a persistent effort at making collections, and unless Sampson turns one of his big guns on us, we are going to keep this up. We have obligations that must be met, and the little \$1, \$2, \$3, \$4 or \$5 due us from delinquents will help do the work beautifully. It is a small thing to you, but a big matter to us, when the aggregate of these small sums is considered.

Your prompt response will be appreciated.

Sincerely Yours,

THE PRESS.

WE SUBMIT BELOW



A Few of the Reasons why we are the Busiest People in the County. We have raised the black flag on high prices and are giving them a...

Regular Dewey Reception.

Big Bargains In Clothing.

We bought late in the season a big lot of Clothing for SPOT CASH at about 80 per cent on the dollar, and we intend to close it out at the same reduction.

| | |
|--------------------------|--------|
| Regular \$7.50 suits for | \$4.00 |
| " 6.50 " " " | 5.00 |
| " 5.00 " " " | 4.00 |
| " 3.50 " " " | 2.75 |

Big Bargains in mens \$9, \$10, \$12, and \$15 suits. The largest and cheapest line of boys and childrens clothing in the country.

Everything in hot weather clothing.

Nice, Light Summer Coats 50c, 75c and \$1.00

Crash Suits \$2.50 Up.

Serge coats and vests, Drablike coats and vests.

Nice black luster coats from \$1.00 up.

Big Bargains In Hats.

We have secured some EXTRAORDINARY BARGAINS in mens fur hats. We bought to many of them, are over stocked and will show you

| | |
|----------------------|--------|
| Regular 75c hats for | 50c. |
| " 1.00 " " " | 75c. |
| " 1.25 " " " | \$1.00 |
| " 1.50 " " " | 1.25 |
| " 2.00 " " " | 1.50 |

The line embraces all of the latest and most popular styles. You can not afford to buy a hat until you have seen this line.

We have everything in straw hats, from 50c up to the best and at prices that will not be quoted elsewhere.

All of the newest and latest in hats and caps for the little folks.

The Largest Line The Best Assortment The Lowest Prices.

CLIFTONS.

Don't Forget

That we are still selling 75c Cottonade Pants for 50c, and \$1.00 pants for 75c.

Marion,

..Kentucky.

Furniture, HOUSEHOLD AND KITCHEN... Of Every Description.

The Best Cheap Bed-room Sets, The Cheapest Fine Bed-room Sets, Cheap Servicable Chairs, Fine Parlor Chairs,

Prettiest Big Rockers in town, Prettiest Little Rockers in town, Sofa Lounges, Many Kinds, Sates, Tables, Etc.

COFFINS AND CASKETS

I keep a large stock, all grades and sizes, and trim them to suit you. Burial robes and slippers. Hearse for funeral occasions.

JESSE OLIVE.

Coffins and Caskets

Any size and kind always on hands. Metallic Cases furnished on short notice. I carry the best and best line in the county.

Everything Trimmed in the latest style. Prices low.

ROBT. BOYD, SALEM, KY.

James & James, LAWYERS.

MARION, - - KENTUCKY. Practice in the courts of Crittenden and surrounding counties, and in the Court of Appeals.

There is no remedy equal to Herbine for the cure of constipation, such as headache, indigestion, vertigo, loss of memory, uncertain appetite, unrefreshing sleep or skin eruptions. If you want a perfect tonic for the liver, Herbine will not disappoint you. For sale by J. H. Orms, druggist.

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We are now in our New Quarters, the Corner Room, Morse New Building. Call and See our New Home

And Our Great Stock of Goods!

PIERCE-YANDELL-GUGENHEIM COMPANY.



The Press.

ISSUED WEEKLY.

R. C. WALKER, Publisher.

ONE YEAR ONE DOLLAR

SENATOR LINDSAY AND CORPORATIONS

Senator Lindsay made a speech on the revenue bill last week. He is opposed to the issue of greenbacks, and opposed to the tax on corporations. He said, according to newspaper reports:

"No man pretended to insist that corporate property ought not to be taxed if taxation were necessary, but the question here presented was whether the tax proposed to be levied was fair and equitable. He maintained that it was the part of wisdom for Congress to enact only such legislation as would be beyond controversy in the courts."

This is the dodge that corporations always make. No ingenuity of man could draft a bill that would appear to corporations as "fair." They agree with you that "corporate property ought to be taxed," but in every bill yet drawn, from the birth of the government to this good moment, they have found something unfair and unjust. This is their method of dodging a bill that taxes corporations. It proves entirely satisfactory to them must be the product of other than human wisdom. God can do all things; this is a cardinal truth in our faith, but if in his wisdom he undertook to draft a bill tax taxing corporations, and at the same time pleasing the object of his statute, we verily believe that the future historian would have to repeat the expression of Moses when he wrote: "And it repented the Lord that he had made man on earth, and it grieved him at his heart."

Senator Lindsay's further suggestion that it is "the part of wisdom for Congress to enact only such legislation as would be beyond controversy in the courts," is something new, and perhaps brilliant, though our obtuseness is such that we see no electric sparks or forked flashes glittering in the turbid sky of political economy. That statement simply means that Congress must go out after the working man, who has no influence or money to go into the courts, or after the farmer whose wealth is in the soil, which unfortunately can not be hid away when the tax gatherer comes around. If that rule had been applied in Kentucky in State matters, many thousand dollars now going into the treasury over the protests of corporations, and by the grace of our courts, would be jingling a joyful anthem in the pockets of corporation stock-holders. Such a course as suggested by our Senator would necessitate another call for volunteers to occupy the benches, and a crop of lawyers equal in numbers to the starved concentrados would be necessary to transact the business of the courts. It will be a great day when Senator Lindsay gets back to Kentucky—to stay.

There is another fact that will fit in just here. The corporations not only admit that they should be taxed, and endeavor to escape taxation by the cry of unfairness in every law devised, but they admit that they should be controlled, more or less, by legislation, and endeavor to escape the curbs of a justly indignant public by exactly the same subterfuge.

Professing they want to wear a bridle, but the artist nor artisan never lived that could manipulate leather and shape it into form to please them. Nobody knows this better than Senator Lindsay, the best friend corporations ever had in Kentucky.

The undistinguished sons of distinguished fathers have been successfully clamoring for good official jobs in the army.

THE BOND ISSUE.

In his pamphlet on "The Bond and the Dollar," John Clark Ridpath, the historian, says:

The efficiency of the greenback currency in the suppression of the Rebellion has never been, can never be, denied or overestimated. Twelve years after the war, Hon. William D. Kelley, of Pennsylvania, addressing an assemblage of ex-Confederates at Macon, Ga., said: "Your leaders were mistaken in their financial theory. They believed that the United States could use nothing but gold and silver as money, and that as we had none of these metals we could not put armies in the field to overwhelm you or your fleets upon the ocean to blockade your coasts. Your leaders had not studied the constitution to see that the government has control of the question of what shall be money. We discovered that it had, and when we could not get gold or silver we made the greenback, and it was that that whipped you."

This seems to be pretty good testimony as to the efficiency of greenback, and the wisdom of issuing that kind of money.

The conditions now are, in some respects analogous to those of the sixties. Then the government needed money to prosecute the war. It had no gold or silver. Now it needs money to prosecute a war, it has not and cannot get a sufficient supply of gold, it has silver but to best subvert the interests of a certain class it will not use it. Now notwithstanding greenbacks fought successfully the greatest civil war known to history, the House of Representatives, in deference to the same gentry that objects to the coinage of the \$40,000,000 of silver in the vaults of the treasury, refuses to issue non-interest bearing bonds. Every American owes and is giving his loyal support to the administration in the prosecution of a war in behalf of human rights and liberties, but in doing this he does not surrender his right to raise his voice against the manner providing the sinews of war, and he is neither a Tory nor a traitor when he objects to this or that policy. He can follow the flag, either in person or spirit, on the field or over the blue waters, catching the orders from the Commander-in-chief with uncovered head, and moving forward in their execution without a word or thought of their wisdom or result, and at the same time without a tinge of disloyalty, see and object to any direful action of Congress. Indeed in times like these, Congress needs to be watched with a more critical eye than in times of peace, and the individual needs to be firmer in the faith and more resolute in expression, touching matters of legislation, and congressmen need to be held to a stricter account of their stewardship. Because the vampire fattens in war, the blood-sucker is not upon the field of carnage, but hovering around legislative halls for the opportunities that grow like mushrooms. The bond issue at this time is a scheme of those who are willing to take advantage of a situation that can be warped and twisted to their liking. They fly the banner of patriotism and commit deeds of piracy, and, notwithstanding the unimpeachable voice of history, under cover of cry of necessity they buckle the pack-saddle on the backs of the people, and when the excitement of war dies away, and the years of peace come, the burden grows heavy and there is disquietude and unrest, and well there may be. There is formidable opposition in the Senate, to the scheme, and this opposition should be fostered by strong resolutions in every Congressional Convention this summer and fall. The free of liberty can be kept burning along these lines just as gloriously as on the coasts of Cuba, and the result to mankind will be none the less powerful in its influence in keeping man from the thrall-dom of monarchy.

HE IS NOT A CANDIDATE.

The Brilliant Young Democrat of Crittenden Will Not Make The Race For Congress.

HARMONY HIS IS FIRST CONSIDERATION.

TO THE DEMOCRACY OF THE FIRST CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT Having expressed to my friends a desire to represent the district in Congress, and having anticipated the submission of my candidacy to the Democrats at the approaching primary election, I feel that the time is at hand when my intentions should be made known, and I adopt this method of informing my friends that I will not be a candidate.

While it would have been the proudest and happiest event of my life to have borne the banner of my party in the coming conflict, and while I have assurance of support from all parts of the district, and feel that my chances of nomination and election are possibly as good as any other candidate, I realize the critical situation of the party at this grave period in the history of our country, and knowing of the bitterness and discord that follow heated contests in the party, which sometimes endanger its success, and feeling in view of these things that I can best subserve our great cause by remaining at my unpretentious post in the ranks, I lay aside my ambition.

I need not discuss other matters that had more or less weight in leading me to take this step, it is sufficient to say that I believe "the cause is greater than any man."

Whatever the future may have in store for me, I shall never forget those of my friends who have so generously tendered me their support, nor have I any mead of unkindness for those who have preferred to follow the banner of any other. In the future as in the past my hopes will be for the success of our common cause—the cause of the many against the few, the cause of the toiling millions not against wealth, but for justice before the law; the cause of the bond-payers against the bond-dealers. Whatever of ability I may possess shall always be at the command of my party, so long as it stands for the people. It has been my good pleasure to bear its banner on many a hard fought battle field in the past, and I hope to be able to bear it on many more yet to be.

Yours with great respect OLLIE M. JAMES.

Entangling Alliances.

It is said that steps have been taken towards an alliance with Great Britain, and the public prints go so far as to give an epitome of the agreement. According to these, England is to recognize the Monroe doctrine and not to attempt to extend her possessions in the Western Hemisphere. The United States is to build the Nicaragua canal, and England is to have the use of it during war. England is to support us in the retention of the territory taken from Spain, and we in return are to rally to the support of England in her conquests in China and the far east. This scheme is evidently the fabrication of the fertile imagination of the versatile newspaper correspondent, at a time when the war news was blockaded by the government. While an alliance with Great Britain at this time might serve us well, it should be an alliance of that character which naturally springs into existence when one honest man whose heart beats for the cause of human happiness over the entire world, beholds another struggling to shake the shackles of serfdom from a weaker brother. An alliance that is not set about by meeds and bonds of a written document. An alliance that truth and justice and mercy everywhere, at all times, forms with the heart free from selfishness, and avarice and greed. Any other alliance on our part would be a confession of weakness, as well as an announcement to the world that America, "The land of the free and the brave," had become impregnated with the spirit that moved the Goth and Vandal to wipe Rome off of the earth, that made Alexander, The Great, weep because there were no more worlds for him to conquer, that swayed Napoleon in his effort to master Western Europe, and eventually caused the English to pen him up on St. Helena. Our fathers read history to advantage, hoping that we might profit by their wisdom. Washington's farewell address can be read with profit just now. Among other things he said: "The great rule of conduct for us, in regard to foreign nations, is, in extending our commercial relations, to have with them as little political connection as possible. Europe has a set of primary interest, which to us have none

or a very remote relation. Hence she must be engaged in frequent controversies, the causes of which are essentially foreign to our concerns. Hence, therefore, it must be unwise in us to implicate ourselves, by artificial ties, in the ordinary vicissitudes of her politics, or the ordinary combinations and collisions of her friendships or enmities."

Jefferson was not dumb on this matter, he summed up by warning us against "entangling alliances," with foreign nations.

Old time politics, like "old time religion," is good enough for us. It were better that all the Cubans had starved than for us to form alliances whereby we become interested in the grand or petty quarrels of the Monarchs of Satraps of Europe. America is the beacon light of liberty, and when, for territorial acquisition, she binds herself to European politics, her lights will begin to dim as she falls into the circuit that other nations have taken.

The idea of Ben Keys—a rank Populist and well known flat money advocate—expecting the united support of the Republic—an avowed and well known gold standard party appears to be a paradox in politics; and if the two parties do get together and vote together, it will look very much like that "office" is the ruling "principle" in politics after all. There may be some satisfaction among the leaders, but we and hard-ly persuade ourselves to believe that the ranks of the two parties—one believing and teaching exactly what the other does not, can be made to amalgamate. If they do, wherefore this talk about standing upon platforms? Wherefore this boast of party tenets? Such things as these are calculated to shake the faith of the people in the candor and sincerity of leaders. There is some excuse for a union of Republicans and gold Democrats, when the financial question is the issue; there is more or less compatibility between regular Democrats and conscientious Populists, when the free coinage of silver at 16 to 1 is at stake, but upon what common grounds can Populist and Republicans meet? None unless it be the common desire of us all for apolls. And if it be apolls and "apolls" alone, and a union effected

on this score, who can tell when any party is sincere in its convention declarations?

In our advertising columns will be found an announcement of Ex Senator John J. Ingalls' forthcoming book, entitled "America's War For Humanity." Caussing agents will find in it a book of remarkable interest, and certainly of extraordinary salability. The history of the war is told in picture and story, and in a way that always characterizes the brilliant pen of Senator Ingalls. In narrating the incidents of this war he finds grand scope for his superb descriptive and analytical powers. The theme is worthy of the author, and the author is worthy of the theme. It is published by N. D. Thompson Publishing Co., of St. Louis, Mo. It will be a monumental work that will not only be everywhere read, but it will be a monument to his genius that will live in history his brilliant senatorial career. The subscription book trade and the canvassing agent are fortunate in the fact that an author of such rare ability has been enlisted in its interest.

AS THEY SEE US.

Washington, May 28.—Spain has received recently startling and disquieting news from America—certainly startling to Americans. El Tiempo, of Madrid recently printed this dispatch from its Havana correspondent:

"Word has just been received here that the Indians are rising against the Yankees in Illinois, Ohio and other places. The farmers are petitioning the government to protect them from the blood thirsty savages, who are burning houses and killing on every side. Troops are asked for at Colorado in the State of Denver and at St. Louis (San Luis), in Mississippi."

"News is brought to us that Buffalo Bill, a notorious outlaw and leader of a band of half breeds, has risen against the American government and is burning towns near his birth place in New York."

El Heraldo, one of the most widely read papers in Spain recently printed the following:

"All the troops of the Yankees are in the far Western part of the country, many thousand miles from the Atlantic coast. There are only a few thousand men all told, and they are ill paid and ill fed, and not willing to fight. To utilize this force it will be necessary to bring it to the Eastern seaboard. There is but one railway by which it can be transported, and that is an old and poorly constructed affair. At one place this railroad passes over the Niagara Falls, a cataract 1000 feet high, near Labrador. At last accounts the bridge at this place was in a very dangerous condition. It need surprise no one to hear that some agency had made it more so."

El Paris, another newspaper published in Madrid, recently assured its readers that Spain would certainly come out of the war victorious, because of the wretched condition of America, which is described in this way:

"The country is not fit to live in. The climate is execrable. When it is not sleeting or snowing the heat is almost unbearable. Avalanches are frequent at all times, and these threaten the principal cities. As far as the people, besides the few whites engaged in business along the Eastern shore the remainder of the country is one vast plain, covered with Indians called cowboys, and great herds of roaming cattle."

A still more appalling disclosure which appeared in the columns of the Imparcial, another of Madrid's ablest journals, on April 2, is as follows: "It is a fact well known to all European statesmen that only by means of armed forces stationed in the late

Confederate States has the Washington Government been able to preserve the semblance of peace. Even now the now General of the Confederacy is but waiting for the word to revolt. When war is declared, Gen. Lee, who has been council General at Havana, and who was kicked out of Cuba by Governor-General Blanco, will raise the standard of revolt and the old Southern Confederacy. This Lee is the same Lee who was General in-Chief of the Civil war in 1850 to 1855, and whose surrender to Gen. Lincoln in the last named year broke the revolution. His acts at Havana were for the purpose of plunging the Government into war with the Kingdom, at which time he and his fellows could rise against Senor McKinley."

Thirty-third Annual Sunday School Convention to be held at Paducah, Ky., June 14, 15 and 16.

The Annual State Convention of the Kentucky Sunday School Union will be held in Paducah on June 14, 15 and 16. A most attractive and practical program has been arranged.

Well known and experienced speakers will discuss topics of vital import to Sunday school workers. The speakers from abroad are Mrs. W. F. Crafts, of Washington, D. C., the well-known primary teacher; Rev. E. Morris Ferguson, of Trenton, N. J., General Secretary of the New Jersey S. S. Association; and Rev. L. B. Maxwell, of Savannah, Ga., Colored Field Worker for the International Executive Committee.

The devotional services will be in charge of Rev. Francis R. Beattie, D. D., of Louisville. Prominent among the Kentucky speakers are Rev. E. L. Powell, Rev. C. Y. Smith, and Rev. Dr. J. H. Eger, of Louisville, Rev. W. K. Piuer, of Hopkinsville, Prof. J. E. Turner of Herchel, Rev. Dr. J. M. Richmond, of Princeton, and Rev. W. E. Bryce, of Shelbyville.

The music will be in charge of Prof. Charles Davis, who is training a chorus of Paducah singers.

Delegates. Every Sunday School in the State is entitled to one delegate for each hundred members or fraction thereof.

Entertainment will be provided for all accredited delegates on condition that their names are enrolled on or before June 13 with Rev. W. H. Pinkerton at Paducah.

Transportation. All the railroads in the State have made a rate of one fare for the round trip on presentation of credentials.

Credentials may be obtained from county officers, or from the State Secretary at Room 19, Louisville Trust Building, Louisville.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of J. C. Ayer & Co.

Is your child puny, pecked and peevish? Does it fret and cry with out seeming cause? Does it have convulsions? If so, it has worms, and White's Cream Vermifuge will safely expel them and restore its health. 25c. For sale by Orme.

AYER'S Hair Vigor

"I have used Ayer's Hair Vigor for the past thirteen years and have known of no case where it has failed to give satisfaction. I sell more of it than of any like preparation." J. P. BRISCOE, Harrison, Ark.

"For five years I have been using Ayer's Hair Vigor under a positive guarantee that it would produce hair on a bald head and restore gray hair to its natural color. I have not had one bottle returned, nor has there been a single case where the dressing was used that it did not do all that was claimed for it." H. M. ACUFF, Elba, Va.

Removes Dandruff

"For some years my hair had been coming out. It had become very dry and my scalp was covered with dandruff. I have applied Ayer's Hair Vigor regularly for some weeks now, and I could hardly trust my senses when I first found that a new growth of hair had started. It is much thicker than formerly and of good color. The dandruff has disappeared and my scalp seems to be in a perfectly healthy condition." Miss R. WRIGHT, Perth, Ont.

"Some time ago, my head became full of dandruff, which caused me great annoyance; after a time the hair began to fall out. The use of Ayer's Hair Vigor stopped the hair from falling and made the scalp clean and healthy." Mrs. C. M. AYRES, Mount Airy, Ga.

Restores to Gray Hair its Original Color.

"I think there is no toilet article in the world so good as Ayer's Hair Vigor. I am fifty-three years old and my hair would have been all white now if it were not for the use of the Vigor, but the application of that dressing has preserved its color, and kept it soft and glossy." Mrs. W. H. JARVIS, Osego, Mich.

"After five years' use of Ayer's Hair Vigor, I can cheerfully recommend it as a desirable toilet article. It keeps the hair soft and glossy and helps it to retain its natural color." D. WARNER, Dunnville, Ont.

MAKES HAIR GROW.

"For about five years my hair kept falling out until I was almost bald. Some New Hampshire friends asked me to try Ayer's Hair Vigor and insisted on getting it for me. I used it during that summer and fall and found that a new growth of hair had started. I continued to use it steadily for about four months, and at the end of that time had as good a head of hair as one could wish." HOWARD MELVIN, Carleton Place, Mass.

"I am well pleased with Ayer's Hair Vigor. When I noticed that my hair was getting thin, I commenced to use the Vigor, with the result that the hair not only ceased to come out, but a new growth of hair started. It certainly is an excellent tonic." CHAS. C. GRAVES, Brooklyn, N. Y.

LOST—Saturday Apr. 30, between Marion and my home, a ladies saddle. The finder will please write me.
W. I. Clement,
 Forts Ferry, Ky.

Re-Opened.

I have opened up business since the fire, two doors west of Pierce's hardware store, and will be glad to have all of my old friends and customers to call. Groceries of all kinds and a first class restaurant and lunch counter. I will also continue the bakery business. Thanking the public for the past favors, I hope to continue business with all.
W. H. Copher, Manager Gregory Grocery Co.

Spring Millinery

Ladies wanting latest and lowest prices call on
Mrs. Belle Hayde

Another Case of Rheumatism Cured By Chamberlain's Pain Balm.

My son was afflicted with rheumatism which contracted his right limb until he was unable to walk. After using one and a half bottles of Chamberlain's Pain Balm he was able to be out again. I can heartily recommend it to persons suffering from rheumatism. **John Snider, Freed Calhoun Co., W. Va.** For sale by **J. H. Orme, druggist.**

| | | |
|--|-------------------------------|---|
| Dry Goods Notions P. H. WOODS | Woods & Fowler.... | Shoes and Boots R. G. FOWLER |
|--|-------------------------------|---|

We have engaged in business on the corner recently occupied by J. H. Morse north side of Court square. In our line

WE KEEP..... CHOICE GOODS.

and if fair treatment and **LOW PRICES** are any inducement, we are the people to see before you make your purchases.

Thanking you in advance we remain
 Yours Truly

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Furnishing Goods, Hats, Caps Clothing, | WOODS & FOWLER, W. T. McConnell, Salesman. | Trunks, Hand Bags, Valises, Telescopes, &c |
|---|---|---|

Given Away



The cylinder baking and broasting pan. Saves time and trouble, and renders the meats beautiful and delicious. A new device for roasting meats. The best thing out. We give this **FREE** to our customers. Come in and get particulars.

Claen, Fresh Groceries
 Of all Kinds, at Bottom Prices.

BIGGEST STOCK! LOWEST PRICES!

Great stock of Queensware Glassware and Lamps.
W. M. CARR.

WE HAVE

**Purest Drugs
 Patent Medicines
 Quaker Remedies**

We fill Prescriptions Promptly
 We fill Prescriptions Accurately.

Our Prices are the Lowest ON EVERYTHING

See our Teachers Bibles, Writing Papers, Fine Perfumeries
R. F. Haynes, Jr.

THE MARY JANE GILBERT MEMORIAL — **Wm. H. Gilbert, M.D. PRESIDENT.**

A Private Sanitarium
Evansville, Ind.

ACCEPTS ALL KINDS OF NON-CONTAGIOUS MEDICAL & SURGICAL CASES.



| | |
|--|--|
| <p>CATARRH</p>  <p>COLD IN HEAD</p> <p>Ask your DRUGGIST for a generous 10 CENT TRIAL SIZE.</p> <p>Ely's Cream Balm contains no toxic mercury nor other injurious ingredients. It is quickly absorbed. Gives relief at once. It opens and cleanses the Nasal Passage. Allays Inflammation. Heals and Protects the Membrane. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Full size 50c.; Trial Size 10c.; Druggist or by mail.</p> <p>ELY BROTHERS, 55 Warren Street, New York</p> | <p>TABLER'S BUCK EYE PILE OINTMENT</p> <p>CURES NOTHING BUT PILES.</p> <p>A SURE and CERTAIN CURE known for 15 years as the BEST REMEDY FOR PILES.</p> <p>SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. Prepared by HERALDSON MED. CO., ST. LOUIS.</p> <p>That dark brown taste and burnt breath you have in the morning caused by an itching liner. Eucalypti, but white.</p> |
|--|--|

DR. MENDENHALL'S
IMPROVED
COUGH AND CONSUMPTION CURE



Speedily relieves and cures Coughs, Cold, Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma, Grippe, Hoarseness, Whooping Cough, Croup and all diseases of the lungs and respiratory organs.

PRICE, 25 and 50 Cents.

DR. J. C. MENDENHALL,
EVANSVILLE, IND.

GROVES



MAKES CHILDREN'S FAT AS PIGS

TASTELESS CHILL TONIC

IS JUST AS GOOD FOR ADULTS.
WARRANTED PRICE 50 CENTS.

Paris Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo.
Evansville—We will sell last year, 100 bottles of GROVES' TASTELESS CHILL TONIC and have brought three gross already this year. In all our experience of 14 years, in the drug business, have never sold an article that gave us so much universal satisfaction as your tonic.

Yours truly,
J. P. Deboe,
Agent, Evansville, Ind.

All that are owing the firm of J. P. Deboe & Co., Crayneyville, Ky., on note or account that is due will please call there and settle same with Frank Dorroh and get note or receipt and save any further trouble cost and attorney fees.

J. P. Deboe,
Clinton, Ky.

HENDERSON ROUTE.

TIME CARD.

GOING EAST:

No. 42. No. 44.

Lv Henderson.....7:15 A.M. 8:10 P.M.

Ar Louisville.....12:35 P.M. 7:45 P.M.

GOING WEST:

No. 41. No. 43.

Lv Louisville.....4:50 P.M. 7:30 A.M.

Ar Henderson.....12:40 A.M. 10:10 P.M.

All trains run through solid to Evansville. Through-parlor cars and Pullman sleepers on all trains between St. Louis, Evansville and Louisville. Connection is made at Irvington for Fordville and Hardinsburg daily, except Sunday.

H. C. MORRIS, G. P. A.,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

The American Navy, Cuba and Hawaii

A portfolio, in ten parts, sixteen views in each part, of the finest half-ton pictures of the American Navy, Cuba and Hawaii, has just been issued by a Chicago publishing house.

The Illinois Central Railroad has made arrangements for a special edition for the benefit of its patrons, and a specimen copy can be seen at the local I. C. ticket office. Single parts may be had at ten cents each, the full set, one hundred and sixty pictures, costs but one dollar. Subscriptions for the set may be left with the agent. In view of the present excitement regarding Cuba these pictures are very timely. Call at the ticket office and see them.

H. S. Fitzpatrick, Agent.



"Granny" Metcalfe.

"I am 87 years old, and have used about all of the cheap and long-promised remedies that have been sold during my life, and have found that the best of the lot is Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey. It gives quick and permanent relief in all cases of cold, cough, croup, whooping cough, and all other ailments of the throat and lungs. I can't say enough for it, and would not be without it."

DR. BELL'S
Pine-Tar-Honey

Is sold by all druggists or sent upon receipt of price—25c, 50c, and \$1.00 per bottle by Dr. R. J. Bell, 1000 Broadway, New York.

MRS. DODGE IS DEAD.

A Good Woman Passes Away Friday Afternoon.

Mrs. Ida Dodge, wife of Mr. J. P. Dodge, of this place, died at the home of her father Friday afternoon. She has been in declining health for some months. A few weeks ago, she paid a visit to her brother at Fulton, hoping that the visit would improve her health, but in this there was disappointment, she continued to grow worse and when she returned home she went to her father's where she remained until the end came, and surrounded by friends and loved ones she peacefully passed to her eternal home.

The funeral took place Saturday afternoon from the Baptist church, of which she was a valued member. Rev. T. C. Carver conducted the services, preaching an appropriate and touching sermon. The house was crowded and a large concourse followed the remains to the new cemetery, to pay the last sad tribute of love and respect. There were many beautiful floral offerings from the friends, young and old.

Mrs. Dodge was a lovable, christian woman; a warm true friend; a faithful, loving wife and a devoted mother. She was the daughter of Mr. M. H. Weidon and lived in Marion from her early childhood; and her memory will be kept hallowed by her many warm friends here.

Wanted—Butter, Eggs and Squirrels—Hearin.

Ministers and Members Meeting.

Ten body has just closed one of its most interesting sessions. It met with the First Baptist church at Salem, May 27, and continued three days. Eld. E. M. Eaton was called upon to preach the introductory sermon, and responded in his usual ready way. The meeting was organized by the re-election of Eld. W. R. Gibbs as Moderator, and R. A. LaRue Clerk. Twelve ministers and thirty-two members were enrolled from twelve churches of the association.

Scripture for keeping the first day of the week as Sabbath, was presented in essays by Bros. LaRue and Eaton. They were heartily endorsed and commended by the members but when visiting Brother Calvert Threlkeld stood up for the seventh day hereby, a lively scene followed "upon the floor of the house."

Bro. S. G. Clark gave the interpretation of the "Parable of the Talents" in a very interesting essay. Much debate as to man's agency in Salvation followed, and at the close it was found that all were practically agreed.

Eld. J. J. Franks preached the sermon for "Criticism." It was too much enjoyed for criticism, but many words of commendation were heard.

Eld. W. R. Gibbs read an interesting exegesis of the "Parable of the ten Virgins." It was well received and no issue was raised as to its teaching, but all rejoiced that the usual wild spiritualizing upon it was condemned.

The exegesis of 1 Cor. 11:17 F., by Eld. John Lockhart was favorably commended as a strong paper on the Lord's supper.

Eld. J. S. Henry was at his best in a strong essay and discussion on "Repentance and Faith—Acts or States." Many excellent things were said of it.

Eld. Wm. Bell presented Sabbath schools in an interesting essay. Many spoke kindly of it.

Eld. J. S. Henry, J. J. Franks and Bro. J. L. Hibbs were appointed to prepare program for next meeting.

Resolutions of thanks to Salem and community for generous hospitality extended the meeting was unanimously adopted by rising vote.

Eld. Henry, Lockhart and Gibbs preached edifying and helpful sermons during the meeting.

R. A. L.

THEY ARE READY.

Capt. Clark Tenders the Services of His Company to the Governor.

When the second call of the President was made, it found the Capt. Clark's company of volunteers ready to respond, and Governor Bradley was wired to that effect. The boys expected to be called to Lexington at once, and have been somewhat disappointed at having received no orders to march. Capt. Clark wrote the Governor Monday and is expecting a reply today. The boys are in high spirits and are looking forward for the order to move with a good deal of pleasure, and will be disappointed if the command does not come at an early date.

Kingsmeats kept at Hearin's.

A Card of Thanks.

I take this method of returning my thanks to the many friends who made contributions for the purpose of assisting me and tiding me over the loss entailed by the fire that destroyed all of our clothing, household effects, etc. The assistance has been of incalculable value to us, and we shall always very gratefully remember this timely and generous help. I hope to be in business again shortly, and having the names of all who helped me, I shall remember them. I am endeavoring to equip myself better than ever for business.

R. E. Flannery.

Ex-Senator John J. Ingalls, of Kansas, whose fame as a brilliant writer, a man of remarkable scholarship and literary attainments, is even greater than that of the distinguished senator, announces a new book on the subject of the American-Spanish-Cuban War. It is entitled "America's War for Humanity in Picture and Story." It is published by the N. D. Thompson Publishing Co., of St. Louis, Mo., and is an exhaustive history of its incidents and a brilliant analysis of the famous characters conducting it. It promises to be the one great and popular work called forth by this wonderfully interesting national episode. Whatever Senator Ingalls touches he adorns; and this book shines and sparkles in the light of his genius. The present work is worthy of his genius, and will be a monument to his fame. The subject now so engrosses the popular mind as to forecast for this book a sale that will be universal. It will be sold by subscription only, and the canvassing samples are now ready for agents. We advertise it in another column.

Children's Day.

The last Sunday in May is the day set apart by the General Assembly of the Southern Presbyterian Church as Children's Day, and it was observed by that church at this place with appropriate exercises last Sunday.

The church was beautifully decorated with flowers and palms over which were hung cages, containing song birds.

The exercises which consisted of recitations and songs were well rendered by the small pupils of the Presbyterian Sunday School. The promptness and precision with which they responded to the top of the bell showed they had been well trained.

During the exercises the pastor made a short talk, showing the way that has been, and is being done by this branch of the church, in the way of establishing and maintaining foreign missions.

Grape, Orange, Ginger and Apple cider on ice at Hearin's.

First class meals served at all hours.—Hearin.

A FINE BUILDING.

A Credit to the Town and the Enterprise of Mr. Morse.

The Morse brick building, containing three two-story business houses, and a two-story office building with four rooms, is about completed. It is the handsomest finished building, taking it altogether, in town, and is a credit to the enterprise of Mr. J. H. Morse, who built it. Pierce-Yandell-Gengenheim Co., occupy the corner room, with their big stock of dry goods and modern conveniences for handling and displaying. The next room is occupied by J. H. Orme, the druggist, and no where in Western Kentucky is there a handsomer business house, or a more elegant and tastefully finished store, with its tiling floor, steel ceiling, and pretty furnishings it can not be beat, and Dr. Orme's taste and enterprise is worthy of imitation. Mr. Levi Cook, the jeweler, occupies one corner of the room, and he has fitted it up like a parlor. The handsome case manufactured Charles Graves, the furniture man, is evidence of what can be done at home by skilled workman.

The other room is as pretty in its appointments as needs be and will be occupied by J. H. Morse with a stock of shoes, hats and furnishing goods. The whole with its tin plate glass front, pretty show windows is simply a thing of beauty, and when lit up by the Acetylene gas plants gives the town the metropolitan appearance it deserves.

Of the handsome two story office building of James & James and Dr. J. O. Dixon we have already made notice. In addition to James & James in the handsome suite of rooms on the first floor and Dr. Dixon in one of the rooms on the second floor, Dr. O. S. Young, the well known dentist, will occupy one of the second floor rooms.

For first class fresh goods call at Hearin's.

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Neighborhood News.

FREDONIA.

A majority of the farmers are through planting tobacco and an unusual large average.

Mrs. Johns, of Chicago, who has been visiting her parents J. W. Lockett and wife for several weeks has returned home.

Walter Wigginton and Miss Minnie Scott were married Sunday night.

Wm. Panley went to Morganfield Saturday returning Sunday.

D. P. Glenn and wife, of Crayneyville were in town shopping a few days since.

Fred Gness and sister Miss Minnie of Crider, was in town one evening last week.

J. W. McGough, of Enon, was in town Monday.

Only a few from town attended the ministers and deacons meeting at White Sulphur last week.

W. E. Dodds, of Princeton was in town on business last week.

W. F. Young, of New Bethel was in town on business Monday.

Mr. Ensminger, of Princeton, has been remodeling the mill here for the past week or two.

W. G. Glenn, of Crider, was in town Monday.

Claud and Henry Leeper, and Wm. Wyatt returned from school at Lebanon, Tenn., last week.

Farmers are complaining of the rain here, and in Georgia they are complaining of the severest drought ever known.

D. A. Black will be home from Texas this week with his bride.

CARRSVILLE.

Now that the farmers have done planting, the recent rains have been quite a source of pleasure.

Mrs. Forest Harris returned from Tolu Sunday very ill. She is some better at present.

Mr. Gwartzney, the miller, took very sudden at the mill Friday, the Dr. having to administer medicine before he could be taken to his home.

The school board was fortunate in securing Prof. Howard as principal, and Prof. M. C. Wright as first assistant of the school. The other teachers have not been selected yet, but with these teachers at the head, the outlook is anything but gloomy.

Several of the applicants from this place failed in the recent examination; not because they were incompetent but because they were not "pets." There are two many "pets" in the religious, political and educational work.

Rev. McConnell went to Eldridge Tuesday to attend the district conference.

Some of our boys are talking of joining the army, perhaps it is only talk.

Lloyd Ware left for Memphis last Sunday where he will spend the summer with relatives.

MOTHER'S FRIEND

There is no word so full of meaning and about which such tender and holy recollections cluster as that of "MOTHER"—she who watched over our helpless infancy and guided our first tottering step. Yet the life of every Expectant Mother is beset with danger and all effort should be made to avoid it.

so assists nature in the changeable and trying place that the Expectant Mother is enabled to look forward with confidence to the birth of her child, and she is found stronger after than before confinement—in short, it "makes Childbirth natural and easy," as so many have said. Don't be persuaded to use anything but

MOTHER'S FRIEND

"My wife suffered more in ten minutes with either of her children than she did altogether with her last, having previously used four bottles of 'Mother's Friend.' It is a blessing to any one expecting to become a MOTHER," says a customer.

HENDERSON DALE, Carmi, Illinois.

Of Druggists at \$1.00, or sent by mail on receipt of price. For book containing testimonials and valuable information for all Mothers, Free. The Bradford Register Co., Atlantic, Ga.

FACTS ABOUT THE NAVY.

The Speed, Armament and Handling of Sea Fighters.

GRIM, PONDEROUS, BATTLESHIPS.

The merlines in the navy use the Lee rifle, which has a magazine holding five cartridges. This arm is of 23 caliber.

In naval warfare the shell has replaced the solid shot in all calibers down to the 1 pounder gun, adding vastly to the destructive effect of a cannonade.

From the highest calibers down to a 4 inch diameter of bore guns are designated by their caliber. From a 4 inch caliber down to the 1 pounder they take their names from the weight.

Advice to Consumptives

There are three great remedies that every person with weak lungs, or with consumption itself, should understand. These remedies will cure about every case in its first stages; and many of those more advanced. It is only the most advanced that are hopeless. Even these are wonderfully relieved and life itself greatly prolonged.

What are these remedies? Fresh air, proper food and

Scott's Emulsion

of Cod-Liver Oil with Hypophosphites. Be afraid of draughts but not of fresh air. Eat nutritious food and drink plenty of milk. Do not forget that Scott's Emulsion is the oldest, the most thoroughly tested and the highest endorsed of all remedies for weak throats, weak lungs and consumption in all its stages.

See and hear of all druggists. SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

IN NEW QUARTERS.

I am now in my new room in the Morse Building and Extend

CORDIAL INVITATION

to call and see my super facilities for business. I will be glad to have you call.

DRUGS, PAINTS, WALL PAPER

J. H. Orme, the druggist

of the shot they throw. Everything below the 1 pounder is in the machine gun class.

Male applicants may enter the navy between the ages of 14 and 35 years. Boys between 14 and 17 years old can enlist only as apprentices.

While in the army the private soldier may rise to a major generalship, in the navy the limit of the bluejacket's possible promotion is the position of warrant officer, as gunners, boatswain, carpenter. The highest pay of a warrant officer is \$1,800 a year.

Bluejackets are better paid than soldiers in the United States service, and when in active service have what the soldier is seldom sure of, the assurance of good food and comfortable quarters. A landsman in the navy receives in the beginning \$16 a month, and his pay increased at each step of his promotion to the rank of ordinary and of able seaman.

From Key West to Havana is a distance of 90 miles measured in a direct line almost due south.

To cruise on a warship in the Caribbean sea is a far more healthful and pleasant business than to campaign on land. It is cooler upon the water there are no venomous reptiles or insects to make life a burden and but little liability of malarial or epidemic disease.

For fighting in warm climates the United States wears a uniform of white—canvas jumper, canvas trousers, knitted waist cap or white canvas hat, blacknecktie and lanyard with knife.

For boarding or repelling boarders in a naval engagement the United States sailor is provided with a revolver and cutlasses. When landed as infantry, he carries a Lee magazine rifle.

There is nothing cleaner than the decks and equipment of a warship. All woodwork is scrubbed and brass work polished daily, and there is no end to painting and scraping and to the chipping of rust from anchors and cables.

Every man-of-war's man knows how to sew and does his own mending. Many of the old hands would rather buy the materials and make their own clothes than draw a ready-made uniform suit from the government.

On warships to which a chaplain is assigned a small white pennant with a blue cross flying from the gaff gives notice that divine service is being held on board.

No punishment involving bodily suffering, such as the old time flogging branding, tattooing of offenders, can be adjudged by any court martial or inflicted upon any person in the navy.

In modern naval fights the battleships are ranged in the first line and bear the brunt of attack. With them are the monitors and arm-ored cruisers which protect the flanks and rear of the line of battle. Protect destroyers, torpedo boats, dispatch boats, hospital ships and torpedo boat destroyers form the second line.

Torpedo boat destroyers are large torpedo boats which are equipped so that they may launch torpedoes at the enemy or with guns sink his torpedo boats.

The cost per day of maintaining in commission an ordinary warship is \$1,500.

The present outlay for the United States navy is \$50,000 per day.

A single charge of ammunition for a large caliber gun costs \$500.

It costs from \$7,000 to \$10,000 to fill the bunkers of a man of war with coal.

Until the recent naval fight of Manila only one sea fight had occurred to put modern war vessels and armaments to the test—the battle of Yalu, in 1894, between the Chinese and Japanese fleets.

Our modern steel hulls, armed

navy had no existence, even on paper 16 years ago. At that time the United States had but 37 war vessels available for cruising, of which only one, the Tennessee, was a first rate ship. The smoothbore muzzle loader was the prevailing gun in the service then. Many of the war craft of that period have been since laid up as superannuated.

The first class battleship Iowa is the most powerful open sea fighter, and the protected cruiser Minnapolis, which has reached a speed of 23 1/2 knots, is the swiftest ship in the navy.

Sheriff Sale.

By virtue of taxes due the State and county 1, or one of my deputies, will, on Monday the 27th day of June 1899, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. at court house door in Marion, in Crittenden county, Ky., expose to public sale, to the highest bidder, for cash in hand, the following property (or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the amount of taxes due the aforesaid and costs), to-wit:

MARION, No. 1.

Belt Silas P 55 acres near W O Nunn 97 \$4.00

Crawford Mrs E F 1 lot in Marion 97 \$28.51

Hamilton George 14 acres near Marion 95-96-7 \$9.47

Hamilton Jiles 1 lot near Marion 95-96-7 \$7.93

MARION, No. 2.

Burris W A 55 acres near Frank Hamby 99-7 \$12.60

Davis S B 98 acres near D E Bolsture 97 \$4.45

Levern James M 70 acres near Wm James 97 \$3.30

McCauley Wiley 1 lot in Marion 97 \$4.57

Stewart Matilda 1 lot in Marion 97 \$3.30

Ward Albert W 1 lot in Marion 97 \$4.40

DYCSBURG, No. 3.

Crouch John A 1 lot in Dycsburg 97 \$4.18

Greenlee Jno A 23 acres near W B Asbridge 96-7 \$6.35

Harris John H 1 lot in Dycsburg 97 \$5.02

Hill Jas I 1 lot in Dycsburg 97 \$4.30

Hooker Jas 16 acres near Wm Redd 97 \$4.40

Freeman Jasper T 11 acres near Geo Bibb 97 \$4.35

Johnson John T 130 acres near Tom Turpin 97 \$7.00

Markham Mrs Sallie K 64 acres near Jno Matthews 97 \$2.93

Meyers W 130 acres near J W Mabry 95 \$3.74

Northern Jno S 50 acres near S H Cassidy 96-7 \$0.75

Jefford Thomas G 110 acres near J Polk 95-6-7 \$9.95

Parker W T 12 acres near Yancy 96-7 \$0.66

Rushing Frank 60 acres near Mrs Perkins 97 \$6.80

Rushing Mrs Clarissa 33 acres near Sam Brinkley 97 \$4.68

Voster Theodore Sr 1 lot in Dycsburg 95-6-7 \$4.65

UNION No. 4.

Bateman Marion 42 acres near E M Eaton 96 \$7.55

Brasher Mitchell J 14 acres near B Paris 95-7 \$6.05

Paris W I 60 acres near D Bradford 97 \$5.92

Terry Lucius 48 acres near Jas Terry 97 \$3.30

Terry James 12 acres near J W Bakr 97 \$3.95

HURRICANE No. 5.

Canterberry Andrew 10 acres near F Wallace 95-6-7 \$2.25

Easley R L 1 lot in Tolu 94-6-7 \$18.70

Smith W H 50 acres near E Stone 95 \$6.65

Stone Sam 50 acres near E S Stone 92 \$6.00

Vinson Jane and Patsy 10 acres near A Canterbury 97 \$2.90

FORDS FERRY No. 6.

Anderson W E 1 lot in Weston 97 \$5.18

Burton John H 1 lot in Weston 97 \$4.60

Lamb Jas M 1 lot in Weston 97 \$4.17

Morris Mrs Sue 130 acres near W T Terry 97 \$10.10

Stone Harry 1 lot in Weston 96-7 \$7.50

BELLS MINES No. 7

Newcom Hull 2 acres near J T Daily 97 \$2.95

Saries Mrs Rachel 9 acres near Wm Love 96-7

PINEY No. 8

Beard J K 1 lot in Shady Grove 97 \$5.47

Traylor G H and T F 1 lot in Shady Grove 97 \$5.85.

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Cor Williams and Cedar Sts
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